



F&CULTY & ST&FF H&NDBOOK 2019-2020

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GENERAL

Work Day (Teachers)

- 1. Teachers are expected to be in school by 7:10AM and will be permitted to leave when their professional responsibilities are fulfilled. Any teacher who must leave earlier than their contractual obligation is to seek permission from his/her department head or one of the administrators. Please notify one of the secretaries in the front office when you depart.
- 2. Teachers are expected to be in their own department offices no later than 7:15AM
- 3. If a teacher is going to be late, he/she should notify the school by 7:05AM so that the necessary arrangements can be made.

Procedures for obtaining maintenance or custodial support

If the maintenance problem requires <u>immediate attention</u> such as no heat or a toilet overflowing, contact the main office. Someone will then contact the appropriate person to handle the situation.

If the problem <u>does not require immediate attention</u>, such as a burned out light or a squeaky door, leave a work order request in the head custodian's mailbox. If he cannot fix the problem, he will then forward the request to our Facilities Manager, Pat Morris.

ORDERING AND MONEY

Ordering materials on approval

- 1. Submit a requisition on the MUNIS system to Principal noting that the material is to be sent on approval.
- 2. When material is received, perused and accepted, pink copy of the purchase order should be sent to accounts payable with approval to pay.
- 3. If the material is to be returned, accounts payable must be notified in order to disencumber the charge made to your program.
- 4. The school system is under no obligation to pay for materials ordered without an approved purchase order.

Student activity account

All money raised by various classes and clubs must be deposited in one checking account in the name of Wayland High School Student Activities fund through Mrs. Keegan. The following procedure is to be used when placing money in the administration office safe:

Deposit procedures

- 1. Obtain a deposit slip for the student activity account from Mrs. Keegan in the main office.
- 2. Bring completed deposit slip with name of class or club and source of funds noted on it to Mrs. Keegan. All checks must be endorsed with the student activity account stamp, available from Mrs. Keegan. All cash must be counted prior to bringing the deposit to Mrs. Keegan. Mrs. Keegan will count the cash while the advisor or treasurer is present to verify the amount. Mrs. Keegan will then give a receipt to the advisor/treasurer for any cash that the deposit contains.
- **3.** Advisors are responsible for insuring that deposits are made promptly upon receipt of money. All checks for deposit MUST be made out to Wayland High School.

Reimbursement procedures

1. Obtain a student activity requisition form from Mrs. Keegan in the main office.

- 2. Complete the form. The form must be signed either by the class/club advisor and the activity treasurer. Two copies of the invoice or receipt MUST be attached. Check requests must be submitted at least one week before payment is needed. Checks over \$1,000 need to be submitted at least two weeks in advance. Completed form should be submitted to Mrs. Keegan.
- 3. Checks will be written once per week. Please avoid last minute requests.

No cash is to be expended out of these public funds. All expenses will be properly billed and paid by check in order that all cash receipts and disbursements are a matter of record. Monthly, the internal accounts are checked and they are audited at the close of the school year.

Advisors are responsible for ensuring that deposits are made promptly upon receipt of money.

NOTE:

- 1. All checks for deposit <u>MUST</u> be made out to Wayland High School.
- 2. All cash will be deposited daily.
- 3. No faculty or staff money may be kept in this account.

ATTENDANCE

For more complete information on attendance procedures, please refer to Student Handbook.

Attendance will be taken during every block each day. A daily attendance list will be available after 3:00PM on iPASS.

If a student is late to school:

Prior to 8:00AM:

Without a note - The student reports to his/her class and the teacher records the student as being tardy in iPass. Appropriate demerits will be assigned by the main office (**teachers <u>must</u> inform students they are being reported as being tardy**). If a student is frequently tardy the teacher may refuse this student admission to class and instead send the student directly to the main office. This tardy may be considered a cut from class.

With a note – The note is presented to the teacher. Teacher decides on validity of note:

- A valid note states a school committee approved reason for tardiness (illness, medical appointment, college visitation, religious observations, or family emergency). If the note is deemed <u>valid</u>, the teacher will admit the student into class.
- If the note is considered <u>invalid</u>, the teacher informs the student (s)he is tardy. The teacher records the student as being tardy on iPass and appropriate demerits will be assigned by the main office. A student who presents an invalid note on multiple occasions should be referred to the administration.

After 8:00AM:

All students must report directly to main office where they will be issued a pass to class. All students must be in school by the end of 2^{nd} block to be eligible to take part in athletic or extracurricular events.

Dismissal for athletic events

Students will be dismissed at the end of the school day for athletic events. In those rare instances in which the athletic director grants permission for students to be dismissed earlier (no more than 3 - 6 times a year, usually during tournament time) the students will be dismissed as late as possible. It is the coach's responsibility to notify the teachers of the early dismissal at least a week in advance, whenever possible. It is the **student's responsibility** to meet with the classroom teacher to discuss the class and homework assignments.

Managing tardies, cuts, and excessive absences

Classroom teachers are the best positioned staff members to notice, address, and correct attendance problems. Attendance issues can and do become disciplinary matters, but they are first and foremost teaching, learning, and relationship issues.

- 1. **Don't just report attendance issues; talk to students**! If you are serious about reducing attendance problems, talk to individual offenders about how their attendance affects their access to learning, their peers' access to learning, and their relationship with you. Tell students every time you report an attendance violation!
- 2. Model excellent attendance: Always be early to class. Start and end class on time.
- 3. **Be organized and use time in your classes wisely**. Students won't be on time if they feel like "we don't do anything in class."
- 4. **Talk to parents**: Parents can often be part of attendance dynamics, particularly the sequence of events that might lead students to be tardy to school.
- 5. **Be the first line of discipline**. Give students warnings and detentions, especially for tardies. Detentions are a powerful symbol by which to convey the message that tardiness affects YOU, and the rest of the class.
- 6. **Report attendance violations**:
 - a. Submit accurate and prompt iPass data so administrators can support your in-class efforts to curtail cuts and tardies.
 - b. Policy dictates that you notify parents when students accumulate 2 unexcused absences, 4 absences (excused or unexcused), and 8 absences (excused or unexcused). See letter on the next page.



ATTENDANCE NOTIFICATION LETTER

Date:

Student Name:		
Year of		
Graduation:		

Your child has missed my class ______ times so far this quarter. This puts him/her in jeopardy of failing for the quarter.

In keeping with the high school's attendance policies, teachers will notify parents under the following guidelines (page 15 of the Student Handbook):

- 1. Students who accumulate **2 or more unexcused absences** in a class in a marking period, regardless of the total number of absences, **will receive an "F"** in that course for that quarter. The teacher will notify the parent. The office receives a copy of this notification.
- 2. If a student misses, for any reason (either excused or unexcused), more than **4 classes** in a quarter the teacher will notify the parent. The office receives a copy of this notification.
- 3. If a student misses, for any reason (either excused or unexcused), **8 or more classes** in a quarter the teacher will notify the parent and may recommend a grade of an "F" based upon the teacher's assessment of the level of knowledge acquired by the student for that quarter. The office receives a copy of this notification.

If you have any questions, please consult the Student Handbook or call me at the number below.

Teacher

Course

Phone #

Additional teacher comments:

Cc: Guidance Counselor Laura Cole, Assistant Principal (Classes of 2020 and 2021) Sean Gass, Assistant Principal (Classes of 2022 and 2023)

FIELD TRIPS

Field trips are an important part of instruction. Teachers are urged to be aware of valuable field trip experiences and to discuss them with department heads early in the year in order to try to fit them into the instruction in a given subject area.

In investigating a potential field trip, teachers should collect all the details as to cost needed to travel, size of group acceptable and of course the educational content of the place to be visited. Present these facts to your department head who in turn will review them with an administrator before giving approval.

Approval criteria:

Field Trips will be approved based on the following criteria:

- 1. All students will have parental permission;
- 2. The trip will be properly supervised;
- 3. All safety precautions will be observed;
- 4. The trip provides opportunities for service learning AND/OR
- 5. The trip contributes substantially to the educational program (i.e., it provides students access to a rigorous learning opportunity that would not be otherwise be available in a classroom setting or through regular family-led experiences).
- 6. The trip does not unreasonably impact student learning in other classes. Please note the following restrictions on field trips:
 - Teachers are generally limited to **one field trip** per course
 - No field trips will be permitted after the **April vacation** without the approval of an administrator.
 - No field trips will be permitted during the last **eight-day cycle of any quarter**.

Please consult with the administration about exceptions to these criteria.

Field trip procedures

- 1. Get approval for the field trip at least **ten school days prior to the trip** from your department head. Complete a field trip request form and submit to the Administration for approval.
- 2. Mrs. Keegan will make transportation arrangements through First Student once she receives approved field trip request. You will receive a copy of the signed request form once transportation is confirmed. Return time should be no later than 2:00PM unless there is alternative transportation home.
- 3. Indicate transportation arrangements from school to home if trip will arrive back at school after 2:15PM dismissal time.
- 4. Determine funding for the trip. All costs will be borne by those attending the field trip. You may also need to engage in a fund-raising activity. Funds to cover all field trip expenses must be submitted to Mrs. Keegan prior to the trip or it will be canceled.
- 5. Determine supervision model. We suggest a chaperone:student ratio of 1:25 for class trips and 1:10 for overnight trips. Adults must be staff members, parents, or other adults approved of by the administration.
- 6. Notify staff **at least eight school days in advance,** distribute to all staff members and the front office a list of those students who will be going on the field trip. There must be sufficient time for faculty to review the list for any student who cannot afford the

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time out of class. Field trips coincide with scheduled classes. This sometimes creates a dilemma since the teacher of the scheduled class may feel that a particular student should not miss the class. As often as is possible, the teacher of the scheduled class should honor the field trip request. However, if in the judgment of the teacher, being out of the class will be seriously detrimental to a student's success in that class, then this teacher can refuse to allow the student to go on the field trip.

- 7. Inform parents of the details of the proposed trip (through flyer, email, etc.).
- 8. Distribute and collect permission slips. **At least eight school days in advance**, students should get parent permission slips signed and returned to the sponsor of the trip. Phone calls from parents are not substitutes for permission slips.
- 9. Arrange with your department head for necessary class coverage, as well as chaperones.
- 10. If your group is to be out during the lunch time period, please notify the kitchen manager (in the cafeteria) of the day and number of students to be away.
- 11. If you are involved in arranging trips with people not based at the high school, **<u>please</u>** be certain everyone is aware of these notification requirements.

Guidelines for international, out of state, and/or overnight trips

All out-of-state or country trips must be approved by the School Committee. If you are contemplating a trip of this magnitude, please see the administration three or four months prior to the proposed trip.

In addition to the criteria and procedures described above for regular field trips, please come prepared to discuss the following:

- Travel destination(s) and particular group being offered the trip (i.e., football team, jazz ensemble, business class).
- Describe the activities at each destination and their educational value.
- Name lead teacher(s) and expertise or background as it relates to the educational component of the trip.
- Methods of fundraising.
- Provisions for scholarships or aid.
- Company or person making travel arrangements.
- Expected mode of transportation.
- Other pertinent information.

FIELD TRIP ANNOUNCEMENT FORM

DATE:				
Our class is taking a trip to(insert place,	, building, etc.)			
on	The trip is expected to start at			
(time)	_ and to end at the school at approximately The cost per pupil will be (cost)			
	o if you sign the approval slip at the bottom.			
(Tear off along this line)				

I, the undersigned student aged 18 or over, parent or law	vful guardian of,
	Name of student
A minor, do hereby consent to	participation in
Name of student	Activity
a voluntary program offered by Wayland High School or	on do forever
	Date
RELEASE, acquit, discharge, and covenant to hold harm	nless the Wayland Public Schools and the
Town of Wayland, its officers, agents, employees and att	ttorneys from any and all actions, causes of
action, [and] claims on account of, or in any way growing	ng out of, directly or indirectly, all known
and unknown personal injuries or property damage which	ch and/or I may
	Name of student
now or hereafter have as the parent of said minor, and al	also all claims or right of action for damages
which said minor has or hereafter may acquire, either bef	efore or after he/she has reached his/her
majority resulting from his/her participation in the aforem	mentioned activity sponsored by Wayland
High School.	
Tigit School.	

_

Signature of Parent/Guardian Students 18 or over Date

WAYLAND PUBLIC SCHOOLS Wayland, MA 01778

SCHOOL SPONSORED TRIP LETTER

We, the parents (guardians) of _	, a student at
	_, would like to give our child the opportunity to participate
	that you are sponsoring and conducting for the benefit, education
and enjoyment of students in the	e Wayland Public Schools on

We realize that our child's participation in this program may involve some risk of personal injury to our child and damage to our property; therefore, we on behalf of our child and ourselves, hereby release the Town of Wayland, members of its School Committee, its employees, agents, and contractors from any and all claims and legal actions for any personal injury to our child and for any loss to us that results from our child's participation in this program.

We further agree to indemnify and hold harmless the Town of Wayland, members of its School Committee, its employees, agents, and contractors against all claims and legal actions for any personal injury to our child or loss to us and for any personal injury to other persons and damage to other person' property and results from our child's participation in this program.

We hereby grant the Town of Wayland, its employees, and agents full authority to take whatever actions they may consider to be warranted under the circumstances regarding the health and safety for our child and we authorize them to obtain the necessary medical services and treatment for our child, without further consent and at our expense, from a hospital or a medical doctor.

We understand that this is a supervised school program and the group standards of conduct must be observed. We will instruct our child to comply at all times with the Wayland School Committee's rules, standard and instructions for student behavior. We agree that the Town of Wayland, its employees and agents shall have the right to enforce appropriate standards of conduct and that they may, at any time, terminate our child's participation in this program for failure to behave according to these standard or for any actions or conduct which they consider to be incompatible with the interests, comfort, and welfare of other students in the program or its' supervisors. If our child's participation is terminated, we consent to his or her being sent home at our expense.

Our signatures below indicate that we have read and freely signed this agreement.

IMPORTANT - READ ENTIRE AGREEMENT BEFORE SIGNING

(Parent or Guardian)

(Address)

(Date)

EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

<u>Fire drills</u>

In the event of a fire or emergency, everyone will evacuate the building immediately.

- 1. Instruct students on the fire regulations to be observed in each class you teach.
- 2. Close all windows and doors and shut off all lights upon leaving the room.
- 3. Ensure that the room is completely evacuated.
- 4. Accompany the class to a safe designated area
- 5. Ensure that the students are orderly.
- 6. Ensure that all students are accounted for.
- 7. Move students from all paved areas used by emergency vehicles. Keep no less than 100 feet from the building.

Emergency evacuation

A system wide crisis handbook is available in each department office that contains policies and procedures for dealing with various types of emergency situations (e.g., bomb threats, violent situations, etc.) If you have any additional questions regarding crisis intervention, please see the principal.

Student accidents and injuries

In case of an accident, notify the office and/or the Health room immediately. If there is a question of bodily injury, **DO NOT** attempt to move the student. The health department will supervise the movement of injured students in these cases. Students too ill to be moved should be kept in the room until the nurse arrives.

All accidents involving students on the school grounds or buses must be reported to the principal. An accident form made out in duplicate by the teacher(s) witnessing an accident may be obtained in the health room.

Students making an injury claim against the school insurance company will apply for the insurance claim form at the health room office. The nurse in the health room will issue to the teacher witnessing the accident a copy of the insurance claim form and two copies of the Wayland High School report form and the front page of the insurance claim form. If the Wayland High School accident form has been completed in duplicate and is on file in the health room, the teacher need only fill out the insurance claim form for the student.

Teacher accidents and injuries

If you are involved in an accident on school grounds, please report it to the main office immediately. There is appropriate paperwork to fill out. These forms must be filled out and returned to her no later than 24 hours from the time of the initial incident.

GRADING

Report cards

Quarterly report cards are ready to be viewed in iStudent and iParent approximately ten days after the end of the quarter. Students are evaluated on a scale from "A" to "F" academically.

Recording grades for report cards

By a designated date just after the end of each quarter, teachers are expected to record their grades in iPass and submit a grade verification report to Mrs. Keegan by the established deadline.

Academic warnings

In the middle of each marking period students in academic trouble are notified by means of Academic Warnings. **Every** student receiving an "F" or "D" or who has shown a sharp reduction in grade in any subject <u>must</u> be notified of this situation. Students who begin to fail after this point should be notified up to and including the week before report cards are sent out. In other words, warnings may be sent out any time that a student is showing signs of being in trouble academically. Warnings should also be sent to those students who are not working up to their capabilities.

If the parents of a senior (or the senior if 18 years old) who is in danger of failing for the year do not receive an academic warning at least 10 school days prior to the last class for seniors, the student will automatically pass the course.

Department heads are to read all reports before they are mailed. The original copy will be mailed home by the subject teacher. A copy will go to the guidance department for inclusion in the student's folder. The teacher will retain a copy.

The expected mailing dates for the 2016-2017 academic warnings are the weeks of: 10/3, 12/5, 3/6, 5/1 (seniors), and 5/8.

Weight of assignments per quarter

No one grade given during any quarter may count as much as 50% of the quarter grade.

Grade reduction procedures

Teachers should have an explicit procedure for dealing with penalties for "Late Work." The procedure should not penalize a student who was legitimately absent on the due date. Work should not be penalized at a rate greater than one letter grade per school day. A teacher is not obliged to accept work after the last day of the quarter in which it is assigned.

Grade distribution tally

Grade tallies are prepared at the end of each marking period. Department heads may discuss with the teachers in his/her department their grade distribution. These will also be analyzed by the department heads and administration.

Explanation of grades

Within their courses, teachers may choose to grade using either a 4.0 scale or a 100 point scale, but only letter grades will be presented on transcripts and report cards. Correspondence and explanation of the equivalent letter grades are in the chart below:

4.0 Scale	100 Point Scale	
4.0 = A (3.85 to 4.00)	<i>93 - 100 = A</i>	Credit work of excellent quality
3.7 = A- (3.50 to 3.84)	<i>90 - 92 = A-</i>	
3.3 = B + (3.15 to 3.49)	<i>87 - 89 = B</i> +	Credit work of good quality
3.0 = B (2.85 to 3.14)	83 - 86 = B	
2.7 = B- (2.50 to 2.84)	80 - 82 = B-	
2.3 = C + (2.15 to 2.49)	77 - 79 = C+	Credit work of satisfactory quality
2.0 = C (1.85 to 2.14)	73 - 76 = C	
1.7 = C- (1.50 to 1.84)	70 - 72 = C-	
1.3 = D + (1.15 to 1.49)	<i>67 - 69 = D</i> +	Credit work meets minimum
1.0 = D (0.85 to 1.14)	63 - 66 = D	requirements of the course
0.7 = D- (0.50 to 0.84)	60 - 62 = D-	
0.0 = F (0.0 to 0.49)	0 - 59 = F	No Credit work fails to meet minimum requirements of the course

Alternative grades (I, N, W, P/F)

	Purpose	Other Applications	Application for Midterms or Finals	Restrictions	Grade value
W	For students who have withdrawn from a course				N/A
I	Short-term solution for temporary crises from which the student will recover or reengage adequately to complete work in a timely manner		1 st default for exams	Work usually must be completed within 2 weeks	Grade deferred until work is complete
N	<i>Short-term solution</i> for crises from which the student will not recover adequately enough to complete work in a timely manner	Late arrivals	2 nd default for exams	Once a year per course	No grade Grade ignored in final calculation
P/F	<i>Long-term solution</i> for crises from which the student may not fully recover (e.g., extended illness, onset of anxiety, ongoing grief from family death, etc.)	ESL, course audits, IEP, 504	Rarely used Requires time buffer for teachers to understand implications before students sit for exams	Students should receive a P ONLY IF the student has adequately mastered the core learning objectives for the course	P ignored for grades that are otherwise passing P averaged by teacher's discretion for grades that are otherwise failing F=0 on 4.0 scale

1. Purpose of N, I, and Pass/Fail

- a) N, I, and P/F are solutions for helping students in crisis or other extenuating circumstances avoid failure and retain credits. They are occasionally also used for new students who arrive late in the quarter, some students on 504s or IEPs, and ESL students.
- b) I is a short-term solution for temporary medical situations or crises from which the WHS Staff Handbook 2019-2020 15

student will recover adequately to complete work in a timely manner

- c) N is a *short-term solution* for partial quarters (e.g., new student arrives near end of quarter) or serious medical/mental health situations from which the student will not recover adequately enough to complete work in a timely manner
- d) P/F is a *long-term solution* for ESL students, students interested in auditing course, or students experiencing crises from which the student may not fully recover (e.g., onset of anxiety, ongoing grief from family death, etc.)
- e) These designations are NOT designed to leverage GPA. For example, once the student commits to P/F status, they should not be permitted to decide which grades get calculated as grades (i.e., C or higher) and which are treated as P (i.e., D or lower).
- f) Students who are inappropriately placed should be enrolled in appropriate courses. The guidelines concerning "modifications" applies: students should be enrolled in a different course at the point at which modifications substantially change the course outcomes. If the student is getting a P/F (or other grading modification) because they *generally* cannot do the work, they should be placed in a more appropriate course. That said, we offer some courses (e.g., world languages) on a P/F basis for students who struggle with language.

2. Are N and P/F available in all courses? For midterms and finals too?

a) Yes. If available for quarter grades, they should also be available for midterms and finals. However, because P/F is a long term solution, we generally use "N" or "I" for midterms and finals.

3. How much discretion does guidance have to promise students P/F or N?

- b) The SST makes most P/F/N decisions. However, because these decisions are often a response to student crises, guidance counselors play a central role in the decision to seek P/F or N status.
- c) However, P/F/N decisions always require approval of the Guidance Department Head and/or an administrator, ideally after consulting teachers.

4. What is the timing of requests and granting of P/F or N status?

- a) There are no set deadlines for granting N and I status; presumably the student in crisis.
- b) Ideally, there will be a 1-2 day buffer between the time the P/F/N/I status decision is made and when it will begin affecting student grades. This is particularly true for midterm exams, final exams, and other major assessments. For example, teachers ought to have time to clarify the ramifications of P/F/N/I status before students sit for exams.
- c) If there is not enough time to confer with teachers, particularly if P/F/N/I status will impact EXAMS: the default option is first "I" then "N."
- d) If a student is not already taking the entire course P/F, P/F should only be considered after student has taken one N or as a long-term alternative to N. i.e., P/F decision ought to be made more slowly than N decisions.

5. Number of "Ns" allowed per year? Number of P/F allowed?

- a) Ns cannot be used for more than one quarter per course.
- b) N or P/F can be assigned for no more than 30% of the total grade unless the student takes the whole course for P/F (i.e., once a student has taken 30% of the course for N and/or P/F, they cannot receive a grade in the course except P or F).

6. Calculation of final grades for students with P/F or N for fractions of school year?

- a) Ns are ignored in the final grade
- b) The following are guidelines only: the very nature of P/F makes it difficult to perform precise calculations. However, students taking courses for P/F should receive a P ONLY IF the teacher feels that the student has adequately mastered the core learning objectives for the course (i.e., students should receive an "F" if a teacher does not feel that the student's deficits would prevent them from learning the material in the next course of the sequence).
- c) Ps are ignored in final grades that are otherwise passing grades (i.e., like an "N") They should not be assigned a numerical value that could "pull up" a low passing grade (e.g., a student earning a D should not be allowed to "average in" a P to earn a C).
- d) Fs are always considered in the final grade.

Calculating final year grades

Final course grades should be calculated by averaging the numerical quarter and exam grades underlying the assigned letter grades. (See below, "<u>Course grade formulae</u>," for averaging <u>guidelines</u>). Averaging should be done using the same scale the individual teacher uses within their course (e.g 4.0 scale or 100 point scale); then, teachers will use the chart on page 16 to assign a letter grade. Quarterly grades carry double the weight of examination grades.

Course grade formulae One Semester Course/One Exam

1st Qt. grade x 2 = X2nd Qt. grade x 2 = YMid Exam grade x 1 = Z

Course Grade = (X + Y + Z)/5

All Year Course/ mid year + final

1st Qt. grade x 2 = X 2nd Qt. grade x 2 = Y Mid Exam grade x 1 = Z 3^{rd} Qt. Grade x 2 = P 4^{th} Qt. Grade x 2 = Q Final Exam Grade x 1 = R Course Grade = (X + Y + Z + P + Q + R)/10

All Year Course-No Exams

1st Qt. grade x 2 = X2nd Qt. grade x 2 = Y 3^{rd} Qt. Grade x 2 = P 4^{th} Qt. Grade x 2 = QCourse Grade = (X + Y + P + Q)/8

All Year Course/ One Exam 1st Qt. grade x 2 = X2nd Qt. grade x 2 = YExam grade x 1 = Z 3^{rd} Qt. Grade x 2 = P

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 4^{th} Qt. Grade x 2 = Q Course Grade = (X + Y + Z+ P + Q)/9

Rank in class

Rank in class is determined at the end of the 6th, 7th, and 8th semesters. It is a weighted average of the final marks earned with the exception that at the end of the 7th semester, the mid-year marks are used. Determination of valedictorian and salutatorian is made at the end of 7 semesters according to procedures outlined by the administration. For several years now we have operated under the current grading/ranking system which was carefully developed by a faculty committee in conjunction with students and parents. Generally speaking, this system has served us well. We encourage students to work to their full potential and to take as many electives as possible.

A weighted GPA is computed at the end of six semesters and a graph profile is provided for each student. The student's official transcript and the weighted GPA are provided to the college to which the student applies. Refer to the table of weights below to calculate a student's weighted GPA.

Table of Weights

	AP & HON	INTRO. & COL
А	5.0	4.0
A-	4.7	3.7
B+	4.3	3.3
В	4.0	3.0
B-	3.7	2.7
C+	3.3	2.3
С	3.0	2.0
C-	2.7	1.7
D+	2.3	1.3
D	2.0	1.0
D-	1.7	0.7
F	0	0

Grades for students with extended medical absences

Students who are absent for 14 or more consecutive days due to documented illness are entitled to a home tutor paid for by the school district.

- 1. The student and his/her family will work with the guidance department to develop a plan for keeping up with academic work, if appropriate and/or possible.
- 2. The student will not be withdrawn from school but will continue to be carried on a separate list so that their absence is not calculated along with that of daily attendees.
- 3. Teachers will provide copies of text and outlines of work to be covered to the tutors once the school has approved these tutors.
- 4. Tutors will evaluate student work and submit grades of pass or fail in those courses agreed upon for which the student may receive credit.
- 5. Students will receive credit for the work done outside of the school but the grade will be noted on the transcript as a pass or a fail.
- 6. The final grade will be determined based upon only that work completed while at Wayland High School. With administrative approval, a student may receive an "N" for one quarter and still receive full credit and a letter grade based on work accomplished while present.
- 7. The pass or fail will determine the granting of credit but this will not affect the student's grade

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point average or his or her rank in class. Teachers will apply the grade calculation formula in the faculty handbook to determine the final grade for the student if the absence takes place during the school year but the student is able to return to take the final quarter and the final exam. If the student is not present for the final quarter and the final exam the administration will calculate that final grade based on the formula in the faculty handbook.

8. The student must be present and complete work at Wayland High School for at least half of the year (two quarters plus a midterm or final) in order to receive a letter grade. Students who are out for medically documented reasons more than 2 quarters will be graded P/F.

Grades for students with short term illnesses

The above procedures do not apply in cases of short-term absence or where students are "in and out" and able, in the opinion of the teacher, to continue to follow and be graded in the regular school program. Once again, this procedure applies only to medically documented illnesses. If a student has completed enough graded work (one half of the year or more) but cannot, in the opinion of the teacher, make up sufficient work in a given quarter to be graded with validity, the teacher may request that a grade of "N" be assigned for that quarter. This requires administrative approval. In situations where students are "in and out" over a long period of time it is the intent of this procedure to provide maximum flexibility to the teacher, as grades are determined.

Grades for students absent due to parental choice

Occasionally students and their parents elect to absent their students from Wayland High School delivered curriculum and to have their children tutored or taught by sources outside of Wayland High School (e.g., "Ski School"). In such non-medical, approved situations when this program constitutes the entirety of the student's academic day, the student will be withdrawn from Wayland High School while enrolled in this alternative setting. Grades for students whose parents elect an alternative, approved, program will be assigned in the same way as those who for medical reasons do not participate in the regular school program for an extended length of time, i.e., the pass/fail option will be used for assignment of grade. This will determine the granting of credit but will not affect the student's GPA or his or her rank in class.

Homework procedures for students who are out ill

- 1. Parents will be informed that we need at least one day's notice to collect work (e.g., if parent calls on Monday, some response from teachers is expected by 3:00PM the following day).
- 2. We encourage parents and students to contact their teachers directly about missing assignments and homework.
- 3. Teachers are encouraged to post assignments online (e.g., course webpage, It's Learning, etc.)
- 4. School work to be sent home should be left in the main office by the end of the school day for parents to pick up.

Students attending institutions other than WHS

- 1. **Moving to WHS**—Course credit will be awarded to students moving into Wayland High School from other accredited institutions. The number of credits to be awarded will be assessed at the time of transfer by Wayland High School staff.
- 2. **Summer School Makeup**—If a student received a final grade of "F" at Wayland High School or from a sending institution in the case of transfer students, he/she is eligible to make up the course at summer school. Courses in summer school are designated as makeup and review courses.

- 3. Alternative education experiences—Alternative education experiences for credit must meet the requirements set up for work study or independent study programs and must be approved, in advance, by the principal.
- 4. **Original Credit Courses**—Students may take up to 8 original credits at summer school, evening school or at local post secondary institutions providing *they have received prior permission* from the principal to take such course(s) and that the course is not offered at WHS. Students should identify the course and review their course choice with their courselor prior to registration.

Original Credit courses will be awarded credit on the basis of the following procedures:

- a. If a course is available to the student at Wayland High School, it may not be taken for credit at any other institution.
- b. Courses meeting for 60 hours during a semester will be awarded two credits
- c. Courses meeting for 30 hours during a semester will be awarded one credit
- d. A course is open for credit review if it is meeting for less than 60 hours and more than 30 hours.

Deadline for making course changes

- 1. Students may not enter a semester course after 2 weeks of the course have elapsed.
- 2. Students may not enter a year course in a different subject after 4 weeks of the course have elapsed.
- 3. Students may not change from Honors to College Prep of the same subject in which they are enrolled after the third week of the 3rd quarter.
- 4. Students may not change from College Prep to Honors of the same subject in which they are enrolled after the first week of the 2nd quarter. This change is possible only if they have followed all of the procedures outlined in the section entitled Honors and Advanced Placement Levels in the Program of Studies.
- 5. Students may not drop any course during the last two weeks of any quarter.

Parents are encouraged to contact one of the counselors to discuss the advisability and appropriateness of a course change. Wayland High School's policy precludes requests for change of teacher.

Testing days

Students should expect to be tested in their various subjects at regular intervals throughout the school year. Teachers should announce tests well in advance and take into account other tests, papers or activities that students may have.

In the 8-day cycle prior to the end of each marking term, departments will be assigned testing days that will be announced prior to the start of the cycle.

Student work load during Winter Week

Overall the spirit of Winter Week calls for a lighter workload for students so that they may participate more fully in the special programs offered. Students should not be given tests or have papers due during the week.

Student work load during MCAS testing

Given the importance and high stakes nature of this test for our freshmen and sophomore students, teachers should be very cognizant of the need to significantly curtail the workload for these students. WHS Staff Handbook 2019-2020 20

No tests, papers or major reading assignments should be administered to 9th and 10th graders during the MCAS testing period. Any exceptions to this policy must be approved by your department head.

We realize that this may become problematic, especially in courses with mixed grades. If you have any questions regarding this policy, please consult your department head.

Suggestions for effective homework and assignments

- 1. When feasible, vary the assignment according to the needs of each student rather than assigning a blanket task for all. This does not mean merely twice or three times the amount of work for the brighter student; he/she should be challenged to think, not asked to test his/her endurance.
- 2. **Make the assignment clear** to all the students by explaining exactly what is to be done, when it is due, and what its purpose is.
- 3. **Relate the homework to class work.** A good assignment stems directly from preceding class work, and each student understands the relationship between what he/she is to do and what has been done in class. Assignments may also be based on suggestions by the students as they explore classroom topics.
- 4. **Coordinate the assignment with the homework asked by other teachers.** When teachers communicate, <u>overly</u> heavy homework loads are avoided, with the result that students are better able to do justice to their homework assignments. Listen carefully to your students when they talk about their total workload.
- 5. Make sure the students have the tools they need to do the work or know where to get them. When library work is assigned for example, the teacher should check with the librarian. The librarian can make suggestions that will prevent the frustrations that result when thirty-five students seek information in the library's only copy of a specific reference book.
- 6. **Avoid vague assignments.** When a teacher says, "Turn in a paper on American History -- any length will do," he/she may be trying to give students leeway, but he/she is more likely to be confusing them.
- 7. **Return assignments in a timely manner and review them with your students.** When students turn in an assignment, try to give them an idea about when they can expect to receive the graded results.

Homework guidelines for long term assignments:

- 1. Due dates on long term assignments should be given as early as possible.
- 2. Students should be encouraged to see whether there will be unusual conflicts in the co-curricular activities in which they are engaged and notify the teacher of these conflicts.
- 3. When a student identifies him/herself as having any unusual conflict, a teacher should make special arrangements if it is at all possible.
- 4. Advisors and coaches should talk to students about seeing teachers when an activity is taking an inordinate amount of time.
- 5. Students should take the initiative at the earliest time possible to tell teachers that a conflict is going to occur.

Proctoring tests & quizzes (including MCAS, midyear & final exams):

Cheating on tests and quizzes is an important issue to both students and teachers. Many students feel disadvantaged when teachers do not take measures to prevent cheating. It is essential, therefore, that we hold to a common set of expectations and procedures. The guidelines below were developed by

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department heads. It is a serious obligation of every teacher to create good testing procedures. The guidelines for proctoring are designed to prevent some forms of cheating. Teachers are expected to follow them and adapt them to their own classroom situation.

The following are guidelines for tests and quizzes:

Before the test or quiz begins:

- 1. Arrange the seats so that rows are straight as well as spread as widely as possible.
- 2. Have students remove everything from their desktops except those materials needed for taking the test or quiz.
- 3. Collect cell phones.
- 4. Get the full attention of all students before making the announcements of directions. If there are corrections of typographical errors, make them before the papers are distributed. If mistakes are missed proofreading, announce corrections before the test begins, put them on the board or distribute a correction sheet.
- 5. Make sure that students remain silent while you distribute test materials.

During the test or quiz:

- 1. Be alert and attentive to student needs, distractions and temptation. Do not read or grade papers while students are working.
- 2. Move around the room checking on students' progress and making your presence as a monitor obvious.
- 3. Do not allow students to get out of their seats to hand in papers early, throw materials in the waste basket or to approach you for a question.
- 4. Do not allow early finishers to talk or disrupt or get out materials before you have collected their materials.

At the conclusion of the test or quiz:

- 1. Make all students stop at the same time when the quiz is over. Give explicit directions such as "Put your pens or pencils down; turn your paper over; now pass them in."
- 2. Have students remain silent while you are collecting tests and answer sheets.
- 3. Instructions should come from the administration or department heads as to where individual teachers pick up their exams and where they are to be delivered at the end of the testing session.

A proctor should take all necessary precautions to prevent cheating. In the event that there is evidence of cheating by a student, the teacher should take appropriate action (it is recommended that a grade of zero be given for the paper involved) and the department head and principal should be notified. The administration, bound by due process, will support any teacher who has evidence of cheating and will notify parents in instances of cheating on tests or plagiarizing papers.

DISCIPLINE

The section on discipline was developed as an aid to teachers and other staff members in carrying out their duties relative to classroom and general school control and discipline.

Preventing disciplinary problems

- 1. **Model the behavior you wish your students to emulate**: For example: speak to students respectfully. Don't interrupt. Apologize. Admit fault. Start and end class on time. In other words, don't wield power; earn your authority.
- 2. **Develop room standards:** We have these in place for the school as outlined in the Student Handbook. Does each of us have them in place in our classroom? Be sure that the standards of behavior are within reach, that there are not too many of them and that they are well understood by all students. Give students help in knowing what to do as well as what not to do. Whenever possible distributing a written description of classroom rules is a useful tool.
- 3. **Have a routine:** Have a routine in all classroom procedures. Routine gives a student security and establishes precedents and policies.
- 4. **Give directions clearly:** Be sure the members of the class understand what they are to do in a class or group lesson. Check to see that the directions are clear really clear.
- 5. **Plan your classes carefully and thoroughly:** Positive and creative lessons that involve students stimulate success. Any time that you carefully plan a lesson, students become engaged. We need to be aware of the times when students will not be completely on task and plan accordingly.
- 6. **Keep ALL students engaged:** For example, use small group work or cold-calling to demand and expect full engagement. Convey the belief that ALL students can learn and participate. Frequently the behavior problem in your room is a child seeking attention.
- 7. Work with students' parents: Often the most effective method for preventing and enforcing a discipline problem is to call an individual student's parent. Parents are receptive to your calls and are willing to problem solve with you. Remember if you can make a positive call about a student prior to the first negative one you will see immediate benefits.
- 8. A team approach: All members of the school community must be on board, AND each of us should enforce the school rules. No one can look the other way.
- 9. **Monitor the classroom environment:** Get up and move around the room don't feel chained to the desk, the board, and the front of the room. This is true whether teaching a lesson, supervising a test, or monitoring seatwork. When instructions are given, make sure that they are clear.
- 10. **Create opportunities for success:** We must help students feel that they belong to the class. We should try to avoid situations where we create winners and losers. Genuine positive self-esteem is an important factor that affects discipline.
- 11. **Be positive and focus on a student's strong points**: Give sincere, specific praise. See to it that every student has some success each day.
- 12. **NEVER embarrass or shame students:** Avoid punishments that push students further out of the group.
- 13. **Teach self-discipline**: We need to let students know the rules, and we need to let them know the benefits of good behavior. We usually focus only on negative behavior and punishment; however, we need to focus on positive classroom climate and good behavior as well. Telling students that they are doing a good job creates enormous benefits. Emphasize strategies that allow students to make good decisions;
- 14. **Be consistent**: If behavior is considered unacceptable one day this same behavior must be unacceptable every day.

Responding to disciplinary issues

If you see an infraction of school rules which is serious enough to speak to a student about, you must make it a point to take action.

• Solve your own discipline problems: Classroom discipline is primarily your job. If your

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best efforts have not brought a change in the student's behavior, then brainstorm with the parents and/or report the student to your department head for assistance. The dean of students or assistant principal will become involved only if the combined effort of the department head and teacher do not bring success.

- **Implement enforcement firmly, fairly and calmly:** We must be consistent as a faculty and as individuals. Don't bluff and don't threaten something that you cannot hold to. Enforce only what you can.
- **Discipline is graduated:** Classroom teachers should handle situations as much as possible; the teacher is the key. Department heads and parent should be the second line of defense with the dean of students or the assistant principal being used as a <u>last resort</u>.
- **Don't delay**: If a telephone call or a parent conference seems advisable, arrange one as soon as possible. Don't let discipline problems drag out. See what needs to be done and take the necessary action.

LEVEL ONE--Stopping something before it gets started.

- Use humor, a quick stern look, or a polite (private) reminder of the rule.
- If that doesn't work, a clear order to "stop it" or "cut that out," is sufficient.

LEVEL TWO—Tardies, small infractions.

- Reprimand in private: You don't appreciate being "called down" in front of your peers. Neither do students. Show them the same courtesy that you would expect.
- Provide a warning: give students a chance to save face or improve.
- Don't punish the group: Don't punish the group for misbehavior of one.

LEVEL THREE—Continued misbehavior, failure to heed warnings, serious offenses.

- Confer with department head
- Report behavior to administrator
- Contact Parents
- Don't argue: If you are merely enforcing a school rule, there is no place for argument; do not be drawn into one. It is essential that you talk to the student in private. The student will want to save face in the group and will continue to argue as long as possible. The following vignette is common when a public confrontation occurs:

Teacher: "Please stop _____."

Student: "Why?"

- Teacher: "I don't want to discuss it here; let's discuss it outside/at the front office."
- Student: "I didn't do anything."

Teacher: "I want you to come to the front office with me."

• Private conference with student (i.e., not during class time): Let the student know why you are having the conference and then relate the problem as you see it. Throughout the discussion be firm and establish the understanding that you expect to have an orderly classroom atmosphere. After you have stated the problem as you see it - ask the student to state the problem as he/she sees it. Do not allow the student to treat the situation lightly or to shrug the problem off. Make certain you really find out what the student is feeling and thinking. Arrive at a mutually agreed upon solution to the discipline problem.

LEVEL FOUR—Report or Bring Student to the Office (Refusal to comply, fight, vandalism, smoking, etc.) If the student will not come to the office, warn the student that refusal to come to the office may result in suspension. If this does not work, take the student's name and report him/her to the dean of students or assistant principal.

Reporting disciplinary issues

As a staff member, each of us has the obligation to deal with rule infractions when they occur. The following is a general list of areas where an infraction of school rules occurs and the personnel who get involved:

- **Student misbehavior in class:** teacher, parent, department head, assistant principal, principal
- Student misbehavior out of class: teacher, assistant principal, principal
- Tardy to class: teacher, parent, department head, assistant principal, principal
- Tardy to school: teacher, parent, assistant principal, principal
- Cuts: teacher, parent, assistant principal, principal
- Leaving campus: assistant principal, principal
- **Driving problems:** assistant principal, principal
- Harassment or hazing: assistant principal, principal
- Substance abuse: assistant principal, principal
- Substance abuse athletes: athletic director, assistant principal, principal
- **Fighting:** assistant principal, principal
- **Smoking:** assistant principal, principal
- Vandalism: assistant principal, principal
- Theft: assistant principal, principal

Most issues can be handled by the staff member at the time and without further difficulty. In the event a teacher gives the name of a student to the dean of students or assistant principal because the issue could not be resolved at the time, i.e. student refuses to follow a direct order or come to the office with you, etc., the dean of students or assistant principal will meet with the student and take appropriate action. Typically, if a student does not follow the clear and direct request of a staff member, swears at a staff member, refuses to give his/her name to a staff member or is a danger to themselves or others, he/she will be suspended from school.

Specific suggestions for handling difficult situations

- **Public display of affection:** Talk to students involved and tell them their actions are inappropriate for school. This will usually stop the action at that point. If the behavior continues, ask the students to report to the front office.
- **Student(s) loitering in area where they are not allowed:** Explain to the student(s) that they cannot be in the area and tell them where they can be. If the student(s) do not move, take their name(s) and report them to the dean of students or assistant principal.
- **Fighting:** Never touch a student in an effort to get him/her to do something. Report the incident you cannot control to the dean of students, assistant principal. In the event of a fight, interject yourself verbally as an initial step. Be sure to clearly identify yourself as a teacher or staff member. In the event the fight continues, send immediately for help.

STUDENT SUPPORT

Guidance Counselor Assignments 2016-2017

COUNSELOR	2020	2019	2018	2017
James Girard	A-D	A-Di	A-Da	A-C
Ben Buffa	E-Le	Dj - Ku	Db-K	D-I
Marybeth Sacramone	-	Kv -Mag		J-L
Dennis Doherty	Lf-Ri	Mah - Ri	L-R	M-R
Sara Bodi	Rj-Z	Rj - Z	S-Z	S-Z

Jennifer Sullivan—School Adjustment Counselor James Chiarelli—Transitions/Adjustment Counselor Chris Dumais—Academic Center Coordinator Ann Fratto—Administrative Assistant

Guidance services

Following is a partial list of services available to all students and their parents on a needs or self-referral basis:

- 1. Educational and career planning and counseling
- 2. Helping students develop a process which equips them to make well-informed, rational decisions
- 3. Personal counseling
- 4. Crisis intervention counseling and consultation with adjustment counselor and/or school psychologist
- 5. Information-sharing and consultation with parents
- 6. Reviewing and modifying students' schedules
- 7. Scheduling and orientation of new students
- 8. Preparation of school/work experiences after graduation
- 9. Information about referral to community resources and pupil personnel services
- 10. Utilization of all materials in the guidance office

An important focus of the guidance counselor's work is the development of a plan to achieve posthigh school objectives. This includes guiding students through the array of academic courses, helping in the selection, application and choice of college or employment opportunities and supporting each pupil in his/her dealing with the pressures of adolescence.

It is important to be aware of Wayland High School's policy on course changes. Students are advised of these regulations when conferring with their counselor in assessing their academic programs.

Other support services

Our **school adjustment counselors** serve as a guidance counselor to the students in the ALRT program. They also have a small caseload of other students. (A list of those students will be given to all faculty.) They also team with the other counselors to provide additional support to students regarding their social, emotional and behavioral well-being. Referrals should be made through the students' assigned guidance counselor or directly to her.

Our **school psychologist** provides clinical services to identified students (primarily in the ALRT program), administers psychological evaluations and consults to the faculty, the student study team, the guidance department and the administration.

Our **METCO coordinator** serves the 40+ Boston students who are a part of our high school community. The coordinator serves as an advisor, advocate and academic counselor as well as a liaison with all school personnel. The METCO coordinator also teaches a one-credit seminar, "Cultural Identity Groups," for all Boston students.

Student Study Team (SST)

This team will continue to be the forum for pre-referral conferencing for at-risk students. The permanent numbers of the team traditionally consists of administrators, the department head of special needs, the head of guidance, the school adjustment counselor, the school psychologist, and one teacher. The following procedures will be followed:

- 1. If you have a concern about a particular student, notify the student's guidance counselor.
- 2. The guidance counselor will submit the name to the SST. The team may convene a meeting with the student's teachers and the guidance counselor.
- 3. Concerns will be discussed, strategies developed, and a determination made as to whether options can be implemented within the regular education program, or a referral will be made to special needs. If a referral is not made, the guidance counselor will continue to monitor the student's progress.
- 4. If a referral is made, LRT will initiate the evaluation process.

<u>The Triage Team</u>

This professionally trained team of high school staff, administrators and clinicians from Wayland Youth and Family Services meet once a month to discuss and *triage* individual student substance abuse cases. Triage Team members include the principal, adjustment counselor, psychologist, alternative learning team staff, a representative of the intervention team (members rotate participation), member of the guidance department, the school nurse, the Administration, and the director of Wayland Youth and Family Services. The Wayland youth officer is a peripheral member of the team and is invited to attend meetings when police involvement is a component of a particular case that will be discussed.

Students are referred to the Triage Team through a multiple entry process (see referral chart later in this document) including referrals from: teachers, adjustment counselors, guidance counselors, staff, administration, students, police department and parents. During meetings the Triage Team reviews each presented case, assesses need for services and designates follow-through activities. It is the Triage Team's responsibility to determine if and how action will be taken.

CHILD ABUSE, BULLYING, SUBSTANCE ABUSE

Staff procedure for reporting incidents of child abuse and neglect

Every faculty and staff member is a mandated reporter of *suspected* and/or proven child abuse and neglect. You do not need proof, only reasonable suspicion.

- The mandated reporter must make an oral report, and within 48 hours, must make a written report (i.e., Form 51A) to the Department of Children and Families (508-424-0100). The statute requires that such a report contain, among other things, the names and addresses of the child and his/her parents, the child's age and sex, the nature and extent of his/her injuries, the name of the person making the report, and various other information.
- Usually, the mandated reporter notifies the assistant principal (or his/her designee) who shall then become responsible for making the oral and written report to the department, most often with the staff member present to clarify questions and provide details.
- Any person who is required to make such a report under the law and fails to do so is subject to a fine of not more than one thousand dollars.

BULLYING

* See Appendix for Wayland Public Schools Bullying and Cyber-bullying Policy

Massachusetts law gives school officials the power to investigate and discipline bullying that occurs *on or off school grounds* (e.g., cyber bullying from a home computer) if that bullying creates a hostile environment at school for the victim ('target"), infringes on the rights of the target at school, or materially and substantially disrupts the education process or orderly operation of the school, as determined by school administrators.

The Wayland Public Schools is committed to providing a safe, positive and productive educational environment where students can achieve his/her own highest academic standards. No student shall be subjected to bullying, or cyber-bullying.

"Bullying" is the repeated use by one or more students or school staff members of a written, verbal, or electronic expression, or a physical act or gesture, or any combination thereof, directed at a target that:

- causes physical or emotional harm to the target or damage to the target's property;
- places the target in reasonable fear of harm to him/herself, or of damage to his/her property;
- creates a hostile environment at school for the target;
- infringes on the rights of the target at school; or
- materially and substantially disrupts the education process or the orderly operation of a school.

"Cyber-bullying" is defined as bullying through the use of technology or any electronic communication, which shall include, but shall not be limited to, any transfer of signs, signals, writing, images, sounds, data or intelligence of any nature transmitted in whole or in part by wire, radio, electromagnetic, photo-electronic or photo-optical systems, including but not limited to, electronic mail, internet communications, instant messages or facsimile communications-

Reminders to all staff responding to a report of bullying

- The tone you take with students during investigations will affect your ability to defuse the bullying. Stay neutral and calm.
- Don't make promises or deals until your investigation is complete

- Give students maximum possible agency. E.g., assure targets that they have done the right thing or remind offenders that they have power to stop the bullying
- Maintain confidentiality as much as possible
- Be objective in your note-taking; your emails and the notes you take in meetings about students become part of their official record.
- There are no "off-the-record" conversations
- Be timely! The faster you talk to all students involved, the less likely that students will feel social pressure to change their stories.

Bullying Reporting Procedures

- 1. Review the definition of bullying (see above), ideally with the reporter (e.g., target, friend of target, parent, etc.) present.
 - a. If incident does not seem to meet the definition, treat the incident with standard school disciplinary or conflict resolution procedures.
 - b. If incident meets the definition, continue to follow procedures below.
- 2. Notify the reporter that because this incident may constitute bullying, we have an obligation to investigate and take action in a timely manner including:
 - interview all students involved,
 - collect evidence including digital or hard copies of electronic communication, web pages, notes, etc.,
 - review previous disciplinary records of all students involved,
 - notify parent(s)/guardian(s) of all students involved,
 - notify the police if it is believed that criminal charges may be pursued against the offender,
 - apply appropriate disciplinary action,
 - notify target's parent(s)/guardian(s) of action taken to prevent further acts of bullying, to the extent consistent with state and federal confidentiality laws (note: we may not be able to share the extent of all disciplinary actions with the target's family).
- 3. Refer investigation to administrator or administrator's designee:
 - If time allows, complete a copy of the *Incident Reporting Form* (included below)

Wayland Public Schools INCIDENT REPORTING FORM

	INCIDENT RE	PORTING	FORM			
Directions: The Wayland Publ community. Despite our best i disturbing incident between two school. Contact the school for anonymously by omitting sign offenders and targets will be co	ntentions, incidents be o or more students, con additional informatio ature and name. Every	etween student nplete this form n or assistanc y reported act	s do occur n and return e at any tin of bullying	at times. If you it to the Principa ne. This form c	wish to report a al at the student's an be completed	
		Date	of report:			
Name of student target:			Age:	Grade:	School :	
Name(s) of alleged offender	(s) (If known):		Age:	Grade:	School :	
Name(s) of witness(es) (If ki	nown):					
Where did the incident(s) ha □ On school property □ A technology □ On a school bus □ O		l activity or e	vent off scl	nool property	□ Online/via	
Damage	ppened (choose all th 'hreat/Property Dama ntimidation	age □ St	alking sical viol		ft/Property	
□ Retaliation □ S						
What did the alleged offender(s) say or do? (Include dates. Attach a separate sheet if necessary)						
attention	it did not require med			-		
Is there any additional information you would like to provide? (Attach a separate sheet if necessary)						
Name of person reporting in	cident (Optional):					
Telephone (optional)	E-m	nail (optional)):			
Place an X in the appropriate box: Student Parent/guardian Other:						
Signature:						

Administrative Action Taken:

Date:

Administrator:

(Form modeled after Polk County Public Schools Harassment or Bullying Reporting Form)

APPENDIX I: SUBSTANCE ABUSE IDENTIFICATION AND REFERRAL PROCESS

The Triage Team

This professionally trained team of high school staff, administrators and clinicians from Wayland Youth and Family Services meet twice a month to discuss and *triage* individual student substance abuse cases. Triage Team members include the Principal, Adjustment Counselor, Psychologist, Alternative Learning Team Staff, a representative of the Intervention Team (members rotate participation), member of the Guidance Department, the School Nurse, Dean of Students, and the Director of Wayland Youth and Family Services. The Wayland Youth Officer is a peripheral member of the team and is invited to attend meetings when police involvement is a component of a particular case that will be discussed.

Students are referred to the Triage Team through a multiple entry process (see referral chart below) including referrals from: teachers, adjustment counselors, guidance counselors, staff, administration, students, police department and parents. During meetings the Triage Team reviews each presented case, assesses need for services and designates follow-through activities. It is the Triage Team's responsibility to determine if and how action will be taken. The Triage Team does not diagnose, treat or refer to treatment; but they may refer for a screening or an assessment for treatment.

Four phases of the Triage Team process:

- 1. **Referral**. Anyone can refer a student to the Triage Team when they are concerned about someone's behavior -- any school staff, a student's friend, family member or community member. The students themselves can go directly to the Triage Team to ask for help. When a referral is made, the case is discussed with the Triage Team to determine what the course of action will be. If first-time referral, Triage Team initiates assessment process. If repeat referral, Triage Team determines next steps.
- 2. **Team Planning.** The Triage Team gathers objective information about the student's performance in school from all school personnel who have contact with the student. If the information collected clearly indicates concern, the Triage Team will coordinate a meeting with the student and parent(s) to communicate that concern. If the information collected fails to indicate a substance abuse problem or associated issue, the Triage Team works with the administration and counseling to determine any further action.
- 3. **Intervention and Recommendations**. During a student/parent meeting, the Triage Team presents the concern for the student and develops a plan to address the substance abuse issue and promote the student's academic and personal success. This plan may include in-school and/or community-based services and activities. The team might recommend a drug and alcohol or mental health assessment. With parent initiative and support the plan is put into action. The Triage Team assists in linking the student to in-school and/or community-based services and activities.

4. **Support and Follow-Up**. The Triage Team continues to work with and support the student and their family. Follow-up includes consulting with parents on progress and on-going monitoring with the Triage Team.

Triage Team referral chart

Initial Referral Source	First Referral	Second or Subsequent Referral	Identification Process	Possible Interventions	Follow-Up
 Teacher Behaviors Performance Parent contact Signs & symptoms of use Parent Request Behavior Suspicion or known substance use Administration Disciplinary action Student contact Parent Referral Guidance/Adjustment Counselor Student contact Parent contact Student contact Parent contact Student contact	Triage Team	Most appropriate of the following Triage Team Members (based on history, prior contact and relationship): School Psychologist Adjustment Counselor Guidance Counselor Wayland Youth and Family Services Nurse Administrator Youth Officer ALRT Representative	Triage Team seeks input from staff regarding: Current classroom teacher input Academic performance Parent interview Conference with parents Disciplinary file review Input from Guidance Counselor Other staff input	 Individual counseling school – based WYFS counselor Parent meetings Referral to outside agency Disciplinary action Youth Officer involvemen t 	 Parent contact and consulting Triage Team review Point person to be determined Student interview

Substance abuse procedures (Table)

Situation/Incident	Immediate Action	Investigation & Administrative Action	Parent Notification	Police Notification	Disposition of Substance	Further Action
Student voluntarily seeks help, information or advice regarding drugs or alcohol	Staff member responds confidentially. Staff member confidentially refers student to a member of the Triage Team if appropriate.	If emergency, staff member notifies administrator on duty.	Staff member notifies parent only with student's permission, unless emergency (student at risk of being harmed or harming another) or if additional support is needed.	No	NA	Triage Team to determine if appropriate.
Student is suspected of using. No evidence and not currently under the influence of drugs or alcohol. (Ex. A staff member overhears a student talking about weekend drug use).	Staff reports suspicion to any member of the Triage Team.	If first-time referral, Triage Team initiates assessment process. If repeat referral, Triage Team determines next steps.	Triage Team will notify parents if suspicion is confirmed.	No	NA	Triage Team to determine if appropriate.
Student is suspected of being under the influence of drugs or alcohol on school grounds or at school- sponsored activities.	Staff member notifies administrator. Student is taken to nurse's office for screening, assessment and monitoring.	Administrator investigates incident. This may involve a search of the student, student locker, car and/or possessions. This may lead to further disciplinary action.	Administer notifies parent(s) by phone or email.	Administrator may, at his/her discretion, notify police.	If paraphernalia discovered, proper school procedure is followed (see below).	If confirmed, administrator refers case to Triage Team to determine further action and services; and school alcohol and drug policy and MIAA policy are enforced.
School receives report from parent or police department that a student has been involved with a drinking or drug use incident outside of school.	Student is referred to the Triage Team.	Administration investigates to confirm report. School drug and alcohol policy is enforced.	Administration notifies parent (s) if situation deems necessary.	Administrator may, at his/her discretion, notify police.	NA	Triage Team to determine if necessary.

Student possesses drug- related paraphernalia on school grounds or at school- sponsored activities.	Staff member informs administrator and may follow up with a written report. Administrator confiscates paraphernalia.	Administrator investigates incident. This may involve search of the student, student locker, car or possessions. This may lead to further disciplinary action.	Administrator informs parent(s) by phone or email.	Administrator may, at his/her discretion, notify police.	Paraphernalia is placed in sealed envelope. Description, time, date written of envelope and sealed. Envelope is kept locked up, turned over to police.	If confirmed, administrator refers case to Triage Team to determine further action and services; and school alcohol and drug policy and MIAA policy are enforced.
Student is found or admits to be under the influence of drugs or alcohol on school grounds or at school- sponsored activities. OR Student has medical emergency related to drugs and/or alcohol.	Staff member immediately informs administrator. Administrator confiscates paraphernalia. Student is escorted to school nurse for screening, assessment and monitoring.	Administrator investigates incident. This may involve search of student, student locker, car or possessions. This may lead to further disciplinary action. School alcohol and drug policy is enforced. Administrator documents incident.	Parents are called and student is released in their care.	Yes	If paraphernalia discovered, proper school procedure is followed (see above).	If confirmed, administrator refers case to Triage Team to determine further action and services; and school alcohol and drug policy and MIAA policy are enforced.
Student possesses drugs or alcohol on school grounds or at school-sponsored activities.	Staff member informs administrator. School nurse is called to complete screening, assessment and monitoring. Parents and police are called. Student is released to parent (s). If parents are unavailable, student is released to designated guardian.	Administrator investigates incident. This may involve a search of student, student locker, car and/or possessions. Administrator documents incident.	Administrator notifies parent(s) by phone and follows-up in writing.	Yes	Administrator places substances and paraphernalia in envelope, seals it and writes description, time, date. Envelope is transferred to police.	If confirmed, administrator refers case to Triage Team to determine further action and services; and school alcohol and drug policy and MIAA policy are enforced; possible expulsion hearing.
Student distributes or sells drugs and/or alcohol on school grounds or at school- sponsored activities.	Staff member notifies administrator and may follow up with written report. Student is held in school until released to parents after police notification.	Administrator investigates incident. This may involve a search of student, student locker, car and/or possessions. Administrator documents incident.	Administrator notifies parents immediately by phone and follows-up in writing.	Yes	Administrator places substances and paraphernalia in envelope, seals it, writes description, time, date. Transferred to police.	If confirmed, administrator refers case to Triage Team to determine further action and services; and school alcohol and drug policy and MIAA policy are enforced.

APPENDIX II: LAWS PROHIBITING DISCRIMINATION IN SCHOOLS

Both State and Federal laws prohibit discrimination in the public schools. No person shall be excluded from or discriminated against in admission to a public school of any town, or in obtaining the advantages, privileges and courses of study of such public school on account of race, color, sex, religion, sexual orientation, national origin or handicap. No school may exclude a child from any course, activity, service or resource available in that public school on account of race, color, sex, religion, sexual orientation, national origin, or handicap.

If you have any questions or complaints regarding Chapter 622, Title IX, Title VI or Section 504, please do not hesitate to contact the principal. Copies of these laws and the regulations can be obtained from the superintendent's office or from the Bureau of Equal Opportunity, 31 James Avenue, Boston, MA 02116.

Dr. Marlene Dodyk has been appointed as the coordinator of Chapter 622, Title IX, Title VI and Section 504 programs for the Wayland Public Schools. If after contacting the principal relative to these programs, you have further questions or concerns, you may contact Dr. Dodyk at the Office of the Superintendent of Schools, 41 Cochituate Road, Wayland, MA 01778.

Discrimination Complaint Procedure

- 1. **Introduction:** The purpose of this procedure is to set forth the steps which will be followed in order to resolve complaints related to the school department's compliance with Chapter 622, Title IX and/or Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973.
- 2. Complaint Procedure: This procedure may be used by any student, parent and/or employee.

Level 1: Anyone with a complaint shall bring it to the attention of the principal as soon as possible. The principal will investigate the complaint and respond in writing within seven days. Complaints may also be filed with any member of the Advisory Committee.

	District	High School
Title I	Brad Crozier	Allyson Mizoguchi
(Income)	358-3773	358-7746
Title II (Special Education)	Brad Crozier	Allyson Mizoguchi
Title VI (Race, Color, National Origin)	Brad Crozier	Allyson Mizoguchi Marybeth Sacramone 358-3707
Title IX (Gender)	Brad Crozier	Allyson Mizoguchi
MGL. Ch. 76 (Attendance)	Brad Crozier	Allyson Mizoguchi
Section 504 (Disability)	Marlene Dodyk 358-3756	Marybeth Sacramone

Level II: If the complaint is not satisfactorily resolved, it may be forwarded to the superintendent or his designee who will investigate the complaint and respond in writing within fourteen days.

Level III: If the complaint is not satisfactorily resolved within fourteen days, it may be forwarded to the school committee. The school committee will review and act on all complaints within thirty days. The school committee will communicate its action in writing, to the complainant and will inform the bureau of its decision.

3. Additional Information:

- Marlene Dodyk is the Coordinator for Chapter 622, Title IX, Title VI and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act and may be contacted at the Superintendent's Office at 358-7728.
- Inquiries regarding Chapter 622 may be made at the Bureau of Equal Educational Opportunity, Department of Education, Commonwealth of Massachusetts, 31 St. James Street, Boston, Massachusetts 02116, (617) 727-5880.
- Information regarding Title IX, Title VI and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act may be obtained from the Office of Civil Rights, Department of Health, Education and Welfare, Washington, D.C. 20201.

APPENDIX III: POLICY ON HARASSMENT

Respect for the dignity of all individuals is an essential part of Wayland High School's educational commitment. Behaviors which show disrespect for any individual are unacceptable in the Wayland High School community.

The Wayland Public Schools is committed to equal employment and educational opportunity for all employees and applicants, students, parents, and members of the school community, including those parties who are contracted to perform work for the Wayland Public Schools, without unlawful regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age, sexual orientation, or disability in all aspects of employment and education. Members of the school community include the School Committee, administration, faculty, staff, students, and volunteers working in the schools, while they work and study subject to school authorities.

The Wayland Public Schools is also committed to maintaining a school and work environment free of harassment based on race, color, religion, national origin, age, sex, sexual orientation, or disability. The Wayland Public Schools expects all employees and other members of the school community to conduct themselves in an appropriate and professional manner, with respect and concern for their colleagues and students.

Harassment on the basis of race, color, national origin, religion, age, sex, sexual orientation, and disability for any reason or in any form is prohibited and will not be tolerated. Harassment includes verbal or physical conduct which may or does unreasonably offend, denigrate, or belittle any individual because of any of the characteristics described above. Such conduct includes, but is not limited to unsolicited remarks, jokes, comments, innuendoes, gestures, or physical contact; or the display or circulation of written materials or pictures derogatory to either gender or to racial, ethnic, religious, age, sexual orientation or disabled individual groups.

Specifically, sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature constitute sexual harassment when:

- 1. submission to such conduct or communication is made a term or condition either explicitly or implicitly to obtain or maintain employment or educational development and opportunity, or
- 2. submission to or rejection of such conduct by an individual is used as the basis for employment or education decisions affecting such individual or,
- 3. such conduct or communications has the purpose or effect of unreasonably interfering with an individual's work or educational performance or creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive work or educational environment, or
- 4. under certain circumstances, sexual harassment may constitute child abuse under Massachusetts Law, G.L.C. 119 & 51A. Wayland Public

5. Schools shall comply with Massachusetts's laws in reporting suspected cases of child abuse.

Any attempt by an employee or a student to retaliate against a person who makes, or provides information regarding a claim of harassment is also strictly prohibited. No one will be reprimanded or punished in any way for initiating a good-faith inquiry or complaint.

Anyone who believes that this policy statement has been violated should follow procedures set forth in Wayland Public School's procedures for *Resolving Complaints of Harassment*. An investigation will be conducted in a timely fashion, with appropriate attention to the legitimate interests of any individual against whom a complaint has been lodged. Following the investigation, such action as is deemed appropriate will be taken.

Any employee or member of the school community found to have engaged in harassment shall be subject to sanctions, including, but not limited to: warning, suspension, or termination.

Fostering mutual respect requires:

- 1. A shared understanding of what behaviors are acceptable.
- 2. A process by which we can support individuals who experience harassment and educate individuals whose actions are unacceptable.

A shared understanding of unacceptable behaviors begins with an understanding of harassment. Harassment is any verbal or physical action by one person toward another which has the purpose or effect of creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive environment.

Within this context, there are many kinds of harassment. These include, but are not limited to the following:

<u>Sexual Harassment</u> is any unwanted sexual attention, physical or verbal. This attention may include spreading sexual gossip, unwanted sexual comments, pressure for sexual activity and/or unwanted physical contact.

<u>Racial, Ethnic, or Religious Harassment</u> is any unwanted physical or verbal attention, directed toward any racial, ethnic, or religious group that makes a person feel inferior or uncomfortable. This attention may include racial, ethnic, or religious comments, name calling, jokes, and/or graffiti.

In the event that any individual at Wayland High School experiences behavior which (s) he believes to be harassment, the following steps will be taken:

The individual should seek an adult in the school community whom (s)he trusts. That person will immediately inform the administration and where specific names and offenses are stated, due action will be taken. This would include:

- 1. Mediation
- 2. Suspension
- 3. Parent conference

<u>Procedures For Resolving Complaints Of Harassment</u> (Including Sexual Harassment)

Introduction and summary of options

The procedures described below are available whenever someone believes that a member of the Wayland Public Schools community or one of its employees has violated the school's policy on harassment. Under these procedures, someone who believes that s/he, or someone else, has been the victim of harassment is a complainant; any individual who has been accused of harassment, formally or informally, is a respondent.

The Wayland Public Schools offers a range of options when someone believes that harassment has occurred. These include: (a) individual consultation, (b) informal complaint resolution, and (c) formal complaint resolution. Each is summarized below, first briefly, and then in more detail. Any member of the Wayland Public Schools community who seeks further information about these procedures is encouraged to contact Mr. Brad Crozier, Assistant Superintendent, Title VI and Title IX Coordinator (358-3773) or Marlene Dodyk, Director of Student Services, Section 504 Coordinator (358-3756).

Below is summarized the three options available in dealing with sexual harassment.

Individual Consultation – The Wayland Public Schools employs in each building person(s) who can provide informal support and guidance to members of the community concerning allegations of harassment. No written records are kept. For further information, see the following sections below: **A. Confidentiality**, and **D.1. Individual Consultation**.

Informal Complaint Resolution – A concerned individual may turn to designated Wayland Public Schools personnel for action short of a formal hearing. For a complainant, such action may include informal mediation, arranging a meeting with the respondent, and/or helping in communicating with the respondent. Written records may be kept. Taking an informal approach at the outset does not preclude formal action later. For further information, see the following sections below: **A. Confidentiality**, and **D.2. Informal Complaint Resolution**.

Formal Complaint Resolution – The formal process begins when a written, signed complaint is filed with a Wayland Public Schools administrator. The administrator, acting on information s/he has received, may also initiate the formal process on behalf of the Wayland Public Schools. Filing a formal complaint ordinarily means a full investigation by a trained investigator. If both complainant and respondent agree, the dispute may become the subject of formal mediation, involving one or more trained mediators. The dispute may also be submitted for a formal hearing. For further information, see the following sections below: **A. Confidentiality**, and **D.3. Formal Complaint Resolution**.

Procedural guidelines

A. Confidentiality – Wayland Public Schools recognize that both the complainant and the respondent may have strong interests in maintaining the confidentiality of allegations and related information. Accordingly, unless they authorize disclosure, individuals who share information with Wayland Public Schools officials may expect that their conversations will ordinarily remain confidential. In unusual circumstances, however – when information must by law be disclosed (for example: when information received indicates a threat to safety, or when a formal written complaint has been filed) – it may be necessary to disclose it to Wayland

Public Schools officials or others. An individual who has concerns about confidentiality should raise them early in the process.

B. Legal Remedies - An employee who has been subject to sexual harassment has several legal options. S/he may bring suit under Federal or State Sex Discrimination laws, under Massachusetts statutes which explicitly prohibit sexual harassment, or under common law tort theories such as assault. An employee may also pursue any grievance and arbitration procedures established by a collective bargaining agreement and/or may file a charge with the Massachusetts Commission Against Discrimination ("MCAD") or the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission ("EEOC"). The MCAD and EEOC will pursue the charge with no cost to the employee.

A <u>student</u> who has been harassed may file a complaint under Title IX. The United States Supreme Court has held that a student may recover damages in such an action. A student may also sue under tort theories and may bring a charge with the Office for Civil Rights. Under certain circumstances, sexual harassment may constitute child abuse under Massachusetts Law, G.L.C. 119 §51A. Wayland Public Schools shall comply with Massachusetts laws in reporting suspected cases of child abuse.

Use of these procedures does not preclude subsequent legal action. Similarly, the fact that legal action has begun or is possible does not preclude use of these procedures. Individuals may therefore wish to obtain legal advice as they consider how to proceed.

The Wayland Public Schools intends to protect the rights of <u>all</u> individuals who may become involved with the investigation of a complaint of sexual harassment.

C. Preventative Administrative Responsibility

- 1. A copy of the **Wayland Public Schools Policy on Harassment** and these **Procedures for Resolving Complaints of Sexual Harassment** is to be distributed to each employee and included in the School/Student Handbook of each school.
- 2. All new employees shall be given a copy of the policy within one week of their beginning employment.
- 3. At the beginning of each school year, each principal or supervisor shall review with all employees the procedures for registering a complaint about harassment and shall review the redresses which are available.
- 4. No principal or supervisor shall destroy evidence relevant to an investigation of discrimination or harassment.

D. Specific Procedures for Employees and Students

- 1. **Individual Consultation** Wayland Public Schools has trained persons who can provide informal support and guidance to individual members of the community on issues of harassment. A complainant, respondent, or concerned member of the committee may make use of such persons in order to:
 - a. discuss a specific situation or incident;
 - b. learn about Wayland Public Schools **Procedure for Resolving Complaints of Sexual Harassment**;
 - c. learn about support services and resources;
 - d. get personal support and advice on how to proceed, and
 - e. determine a course of action.

For example, the support person may help the complainant write a letter to the respondent or suggest ways in which the complainant can approach the respondent (the support person to one party should not, however, contact or meet with the other party). If an Informal Complaint or a Formal Complaint is lodged, the support person may accompany and assist the individual through the complaint resolution process.

No written records of individual consultations are kept. For further information on confidentiality, see the Confidentiality section above.

The names, titles and telephone numbers of individuals trained to serve as support persons are listed in the attachment.

2. **Informal Complaint Resolution** – Sometimes harassment issues are easier to resolve when an informal atmosphere encourages people to identify the difficulty, talk it out, and agree on how to deal with it. Informal Complaint Resolution is available to a complainant who seeks the help of a specially-trained school official, but does not wish to file a formal complaint. Written records may be kept (see section A. Confidentiality).

All the services available through individual consultation – information, advice, and support – are also available here to the complainant, the respondent, or a concerned community member. In addition, depending on the circumstances, the following options are also available:

- 3. **Informal investigation,** in which one of the designated school officials speaks with the parties and with other individuals who may have information about the situation.
- 4. **Informal mediation,** in which a school official may help the complainant bring the problem to the respondent's attention, speak with the respondent and other witnesses, and help the parties arrive at a mutually-acceptable solution. Such a resolution may or may not entail a face-to-face meeting of the complainant and respondent. Mediation should be conducted only with the consent of both parties.

School officials authorized to engage in Informal Complaint solutions are listed in the attachment.

Possible conflicts exist between the roles of support person, investigator, and mediator. A school official who foresees such a conflict should avoid it by requesting assistance from another designated official. The individual should also call any such conflict to the attention of the officials involved. Each designated school official may, as needed, convene a meeting of other such officials.

Throughout the Informal Complaint Resolution process, the complainant and respondent may each be accompanied by the support person from the individual consultation stage, another adviser, or another support person from the school community.

5. Formal Complaint Resolution – Anyone who believes that harassment has occurred may choose, either initially or after having sought to resolve the matter informally, to bring a complaint through the Wayland Public Schools formal procedures, one outcome of which may be disciplinary action against the respondent. The purpose of the Formal Complaint Resolution process is to ensure prompt, fair, and formal resolution of a complaint of harassment.

Please consult the Wayland Public Schools Administrative Procedures: Complaints Regarding Personnel.

E. Resources

- Middlesex District Attorney Victim/Witness Bureau: (617) 494-4430
- Town of Wayland Youth and Social Workers: (508) 358-7701extension 126.
- Wayland Public Schools contacts for information and advice include the following Title VI, Title IX, and Section 504 building representatives:

High School:	Allyson Mizoguchi, Principal, 358-3705 Marybeth Sacramone, Guidance Director: 358-3706
Central Office:	Brad Crozier, Asst. Superintendent: 358-3773 Dr. Marlene Dodyk, Dir. Of Stud. Ser: 358-3756

F. Personnel Authorized to engage in Informal Complaint Resolution

Mr. Brad Crozier, Assistant Superintendent Dr. Marlene Dodyk, Director of Student Services Ms. Debbie Bearse, Claypit Hill Principal Ms. Allyson Mizoguchi, High School Principal Mr. Jim Lee, Happy Hollow Principal

APPENDIX IV: BULLYING PREVENTION POLICY

The Wayland Bullying Prevention and Intervention Plan is located on the WPS Website under "District Information."

The Wayland Public Schools is committed to providing a safe, positive and productive educational environment where students can achieve his/her own highest academic standards. No student shall be subjected to bullying, or cyber-bullying.

"Bullying" is the repeated use by one or more students or school staff members of a written, verbal, or electronic expression, or a physical act or gesture, or any combination thereof, directed at a target that:

- causes physical or emotional harm to the target or damage to the target's property;
- places the target in reasonable fear of harm to him/herself, or of damage to his/her property;
- creates a hostile environment at school for the target;
- infringes on the rights of the target at school; or
- materially and substantially disrupts the education process or the orderly operation of a school.

"Cyber-bullying" is defined as bullying through the use of technology or any electronic WHS Staff Handbook 2016-2017 43

communication, which shall include, but shall not be limited to, any transfer of signs, signals, writing, images, sounds, data or intelligence of any nature transmitted in whole or in part by wire, radio, electromagnetic, photo-electronic or photo-optical systems, including but not limited to, electronic mail, internet communications, instant messages or facsimile communications-

Cyber-bullying shall also include the creation of a web page or blog in which the creator assumes the identity of another person or knowingly impersonates another person as author of posted content or messages, if the creation or impersonation creates any of the conditions enumerated in the definition of bullying.

Cyber-bullying shall also include the distribution by electronic means of a communication to more than one person or the posting of material on an electronic medium that may be accessed by one or more persons, if the distribution or posting creates any of the conditions enumerated in the definition of bullying.

Bullying and cyber-bullying may occur in and out of school, during and after school hours, at home and in locations outside of the home. When bullying and cyber-bullying are alleged, parents or guardians of students involved in incidents of bullying, cyber-bullying or retaliation are expected to cooperate fully with the administration.

For the purpose of this policy, whenever the term bullying is used it is to denote either bullying, or cyber-bullying.

It is a violation of this policy for any student or school staff members to engage in Bullying, or for any employee of the Wayland Public Schools to condone or fail to report acts of bullying that they witness or become aware of.

Bullying is prohibited:

- On school grounds;
- On property immediately adjacent to school grounds;
- At school-sponsored or school-related activities, functions or programs, whether on or off school grounds;
- At school bus stops;
- On school buses or other vehicles owned, leased or used by the school district; or,
- Through the use of technology or an electronic device owned, leased or used by the Wayland Public schools;

Bullying is <u>also</u> prohibited at a location, activity, function or program that is not school-related or through the use of technology or an electronic device that is not owned, leased or used by the Wayland Public Schools if the act or acts in question:

- create a hostile environment at school for the target;
- infringe on the rights of the target at school; and/or
- materially and substantially disrupts the education process or the orderly operation of a school, as determined by school administrators.

Prevention and Intervention Plan

The Superintendent and/or his/her designee shall oversee the development of a prevention and intervention plan, in consultation with all district stakeholders, which may include teachers, school staff, professional support personnel, school volunteers, administrators, community representatives, local law enforcement agencies, students, parents and guardians, consistent with the requirements of this policy, as well as state and federal laws. The Bullying Prevention and Intervention Plan shall represent the School District's philosophy of prevention built-on education, discipline, and intervention, and it shall set forth the administrative guidelines and procedures for the implementation of this policy. Such plan shall include, but not be limited to; procedures for reporting, responding to and investigating reports of bullying or retaliation; the range of disciplinary actions that may be taken against a perpetrator for bullying or retaliation or against someone for making a false accusation of bullying; procedures for remedying incidents of bullying and restoring a sense of safety for a target of bullying and assessing that target's needs for protection; strategies for protecting from bullying or retaliation a person who reports bullying or provides information during an investigation; any notification requirements consistent with applicable law; a strategy for providing counseling or referral to appropriate services for perpetrators, targets and family members; and provisions for informing parents about the School District's bullying prevention curriculum. The Bullying Prevention and Intervention Plan shall be reviewed and updated at least biennially.

The Principal is responsible for the implementation and oversight of the Bullying Prevention and Implementation Plan within his or her school.

Reporting

Students, who believe that they are a target of bullying, observe an act of bullying, or who have reasonable grounds to believe that these behaviors are taking place, are strongly urged to report incidents to a member of the school staff. The target shall, however, not be subject to discipline for failing to report bullying. Parents or guardians, or members of the community, are encouraged to report an incident of bullying as soon as possible.

Each school shall have a means for anonymous reporting by students and adults of incidents of bullying. No formal disciplinary action shall be taken solely on the basis of an anonymous report.

Any student who knowingly makes a false accusation of bullying shall be subject to disciplinary action.

A member of a school staff (including but not limited to educators, administrators, school nurse, cafeteria worker, custodian, bus driver, athletic coach, advisor, advisor to an extracurricular activity, or paraprofessional) who witnessed or becomes aware of alleged Bullying, Cyberbullying or retaliation shall immediately report it to the school principal or their designee.

Investigation Procedures

The Principal or their designee, upon receipt of a viable report of alleged bullying, shall promptly conduct an investigation. The investigation shall be completed within a reasonable amount of time from the date of the report. At a minimum the Principal or his/her designee shall contact the parents or guardians as to the status of the investigation on an as necessary basis.

The school principal or a designee will use a Bullying/Cyber-bullying Report Form during his/her investigation, which may include interviewing the alleged target, alleged perpetrator, staff members, students and/or witnesses. The school principal or designee may also contact the parents or guardians of the alleged target or perpetrator during the investigation.

Support staff shall assess an alleged target's needs for protection and create and implement a safety plan that shall restore a sense of safety for that student.

If the school principal or a designee determines that bullying has occurred he/she shall:

•Notify the parents or guardians of the perpetrator;

•Notify the parents or guardians of the target. and to the extent consistent with state and federal law, notify them of the action taken to prevent any further acts of bullying, cyber-bullying or retaliation;

•Take appropriate disciplinary action; and

•Notify the police if the principal or designee, after consulting with the Superintendent of Schools, believes that criminal charges may be pursued against the perpetrator.

Disciplinary actions for students who have committed an act of bullying or retaliation shall be in accordance with district disciplinary policies.

Each school shall document any incident of bullying that is reported per this policy and a file shall be maintained by the Principal or designee.

Confidentiality shall be maintained to the extent consistent with the school's obligations under law.

Retaliation

Retaliation against a person who reports bullying, provides information during an investigation of bullying, or witnesses or has reliable information about bullying shall be prohibited.

Target Assistance

The Wayland Public Schools shall provide counseling or referral to appropriate services, including guidance, academic intervention, and protection to students, both targets and perpetrators, affected by bullying, as necessary.

Training and Assessment

Annual training shall be provided for school faculty and staff in preventing, identifying, responding to, and reporting incidents of bullying.

Age-appropriate, evidence-based instruction on bullying prevention shall be incorporated into the curriculum for all K to 12 students.

Publication and Notice

Annual written notice of the relevant sections of the bullying prevention and intervention plan shall be provided to students and their parents or guardians, in age-appropriate terms.

Annual written notice of the bullying prevention and intervention plan shall be provided to all school staff. The faculty and staff at each school shall be trained annually on the bullying prevention and intervention plan applicable to the school.

Relevant sections of the bullying prevention and intervention plan relating to the duties of faculty and staff shall be included in the school employee handbook.

The bullying prevention and intervention plan shall be posted on the Wayland Public Schools website. Each building principal shall be responsible for the implementation and oversight of the Plan at his or her school. The building principal or designee shall assist students, parents and employees of the School District who seek guidance or support in addressing matters relating to any form of Bullying, Cyber-bullying or retaliation.

APPENDIX V: PREVENTION OF PHYSICAL RESTRAINT AND REQUIREMENTS

The Wayland Public Schools complies with the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education (hereinafter "DESE") regulations governing the use of restraint, which can be found at 603 CMR 46.00 et seq. (hereinafter "Regulations"). According to their terms, the Regulations apply not only at school but also at school-sponsored events and activities, whether or not on school property. Additional information including a copy of the regulations can be obtained from the Director of Student Support Services Office or obtained at www.doe.edu/lawsregs/603cmr46.html.

<u>Only lawful physical restraint</u> will be used in the Wayland Public Schools. Physical restraint shall be used with extreme caution, only in emergency situations of last resort, after other lawful and less intrusive alternatives have failed or been deemed inappropriate. School personnel shall use physical restraint with two goals in mind:

(a) To administer a physical restraint only when needed to protect a student and/or a member of the school community from assault or imminent, serious, physical harm; and

(b) To prevent or minimize any harm to the student as a result of the use of physical restraint.

The following are not considered physical restraint: brief physical contact to promote student safety (such as guiding a student or re-directing a student); providing physical guidance or prompting when teaching a skill; redirecting attention (such as to a shoulder, face or torso); providing comfort; physical escort that does not involve force.

Definitions

The use of mechanical restraint, medical restraint and seclusion is prohibited. WHS Staff Handbook 2016-2017 *Mechanical Restraint:* the use of any device or equipment to restrict a student's freedom of movement. The term does not include devices implemented by trained school personnel, or utilized by a student that have been prescribed by an appropriate medical or related services professional, and are used for the specific and approved positioning or protective purposes for which such devices were designed.

Medication Restraint: the administration of medication for the purpose of temporarily controlling behavior. Medication prescribed by a licensed physician and authorized by the parent for administration in the school setting is not medication restraint.

Prone Restraint: a physical restraint in which a student is placed face down on the floor or another surface, and physical pressure is applied to the student's body to keep the student in the face-down position.

Seclusion: involuntary confinement of a student alone in a room or area from which the student is physically prevented from leaving. Seclusion does not include a time-out as defined below.

Physical Escort: a temporary touching or holding, without the use of force, of the hand, wrist, arm, shoulder, or back for the purpose of inducing a student who is agitated to walk to a safe location.

Physical Restraint: direct physical contact that prevents or significantly restricts a student's freedom of movement. Physical restraint does not include: brief physical contact to promote student safety, providing physical guidance or prompting when teaching a skill, redirecting attention, providing comfort, or a physical escort.

Time-Out: a behavioral support strategy, developed pursuant to 603 CMR 46.04(1), in which a student temporarily separates from the learning activity or the classroom, either by choice or by direction from staff, for the purpose of calming. During time-out, a student must be continuously observed by a staff member. Staff shall be with the student or immediately available to the student at all times. The space used for time-out must be clean, safe, sanitary, and appropriate for the purpose of calming. Time-out shall cease as soon as the student has calmed.

Requirements for Use of Physical Restraint

Physical restraint is considered an emergency procedure of last resort. This means that it may be used only when the student's behavior poses a threat of assault or imminent, serious, physical harm to self and/or others; *and* the student is not responsive to verbal directives or other lawful and less intrusive behavior interventions, or such interventions are deemed to be inappropriate under the circumstances.

Prohibitions

Physical restraint shall not be used:

(a) As a means of discipline or punishment;

(b) when the student cannot be safely restrained because it is medically contraindicated for reasons including, but not limited to, asthma, seizures, a cardiac condition, obesity, bronchitis, communication-related disabilities, or risk of vomiting;
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(c) as a response to property destruction, disruption of school order, a student's refusal to comply with a policy or directive, or verbal threats when those actions do not constitute a threat of assault, or imminent, serious, physical harm;

(d) As a standard response for any individual student. No written individual behavior plan or individualized education program (IEP) may include use of physical restraint as a standard response to any behavior. Physical restraint is an emergency procedure of last resort. Mechanical restraint, medication restraint, and seclusion are prohibited in all public schools.

Prone restraints are prohibited, except on an individual basis and when all of the following conditions, which require specific documentation, are met: (1) the student has a documented history of repeatedly causing serious self-injuries and/or injuries to other students or staff; (2) all other forms of physical restraint have failed to ensure the safety of the student and/or others; (3) there are no medical contraindications, as documented by a licensed physician; (4) there is psychological or behavioral justification for the use of prone restraint and no psychological or behavioral contraindications, as documented by a licensed mental health professional; (5) the program has obtained consent to use prone restraint in an emergency and the use of prone restraint is approved in writing by the Principal; and (6) the program has documented all of the above before using prone restraint and maintains the documentation. The only staff authorized to administer a prone restraint are staff who have received in-depth restraint training in accordance with 603 C.M.R. 46.04(3).

Floor restraints are prohibited unless the staff administering the restraint has received in-depth training in accordance with 603 C.M.R. 46.04(3), and these trained staff members determine that such method of restraint is required to provide safety for the student or others.

Proper Administration of Physical Restraint

Only Wayland personnel who have received training (e.g. Crisis Prevention Intervention) pursuant to the Regulations shall administer physical restraint on students. Whenever possible, the administration of a restraint shall be witnessed by at least one adult who does not participate in the restraint. When administering a physical restraint, trained staff shall comply with the requirements regarding use of force, method, duration of the restraint, and safety, as set forth in the Regulations.

Each school has individuals certified in CPI that area able to implement restraints. School principals will notify their building staff of certified CPI trained staff at the beginning of each school year and how to contact their CPI trained staff member when a crisis should arise.

Nothing in these procedures shall preclude a teacher, employee or agent of the Wayland Public Schools from using reasonable force to protect students, other persons or themselves from assault or imminent, serious, physical harm.

Staff Training

All school staff will receive training with respect to the district's restraint prevention and behavior support policy and requirements when restraint is used. Training shall include information on the role of various individuals in preventing restraint, the restraint prevention and behavior support policy and procedures, interventions that may preclude the need for restraint, types of permitted physical restraints and related safety considerations, and administering physical restraint in accordance with medical or psychological limitations, known or suspected trauma history, and/or WHS Staff Handbook 2016-2017 49

behavioral intervention plans applicable to an individual student. Staff training will occur at the beginning of each school year, and for new hires within one month of being hired.

Additionally, the principal will identify specific staff that is authorized to serve as school-wide resources to assist in ensuring proper administration of physical restraint. These individuals must participate in in-depth training in the use of physical restraint and implementation of the Regulations.

Reporting Physical Restraint Use

All physical restraints, regardless of duration, will be reported using the electronic forms provided by the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education. Please follow flow chart of Procedures for Reporting Physical Restraint attached.

Reporting within School and to Parents

Program staff shall report the use of any physical restraint, as required by the Regulations. The staff member who administered the restraint shall notify the principal verbally as soon as possible and in writing no later than the next school working day. The report shall be maintained by the school and made available for review by the Parent(s) or DESE upon request.

The principal or designee shall make reasonable efforts to inform the Parent(s) of the restraint within 24 hours of the event, and shall notify the Parent(s) by written report within three school working days of the restraint. The information in the report shall comply with 603 CMR 46.06(4). The written restraint report must be provided to the Parent(s) in the language in which report cards and other necessary school-related information are customarily provided.

Reporting to the Department of Elementary and Secondary Education

The District will report to DESE all restraints that result in serious injury to either a student or a staff member within three (3) school working days of the restraint. Additionally, the District will provide DESE with an annual report of its physical restraint use.

Administrative Reviews of Physical Restraint Use

The Principal, or designee, will review restraint data on a weekly basis and convene a review team to assess the progress and needs of any student who has been restrained multiple times in the week and reach consensus on a plan for the student with the goal of reducing or eliminating the need for restraint.

The Principal, or designee, will review restraint data on a monthly basis to determine patterns of use, and make adjustments as necessary or appropriate to policy, conduct training, or take other action to reduce or eliminate the use of restraints.

Prevention of Dangerous Behavior

As set forth in the Regulations, the Wayland Public Schools shall develop methods for preventing student violence, self-injurious behavior, and suicide, including individual crisis planning, behavior intervention plans, and de-escalation of potentially dangerous behavior occurring among groups of students or with an individual student.

Parent Engagement

In accordance with the regulations, the Wayland Public Schools shall engage Parents in discussions about restraint prevention and the use of restraint solely as an emergency procedure. The restraint policy and procedures will be posted on the district's website and within school handbooks.

Complaints

Complaints and grievance procedures are in place for receiving and investigating complaints regarding physical restraint practices. Any individual who believes that a physical restraint of a student may have been unwarranted or conducted inappropriately may file a <u>written</u> complaint as outlined in the Wayland Public School district policy (Public Complaints KE), and in the context of this policy beginning with the school building administrator. A thorough investigation will be conducted which may include interviewing witnesses, staff involved and/or the student; reviewing all written documentation leading up to and pertaining to the incident and all reports filed. A written response will be developed by the investigator and provided to the complainant.

Preventing Restraints

Roles of Individuals:

- Students, families, and school staff each play a role in preventing restraint and ensuring the safety of the school community:
- *Students* students should follow school rules and codes of conduct as outlined in district policies (e.g. student handbooks)
- *Families* families should be made aware of school rules and codes of conduct, as well as district policies and procedures; regular communication between parents and school is important to facilitate family support
- *School Staff-* staff should inform students and parents of school rules and district policies, and abide by school policies and procedures, including adherence to Massachusetts restraint regulations.

De-escalation Techniques and Alternatives to Restraint

Staff should also consider a variety of behavioral interventions that may be effective in deescalating the student, such as:

- Offering choices of activities
- Positive behavioral interventions
- Verbal redirection
- Verbal directive to cease behavior
- Opportunity for a break
- Reducing the demands/amount of work expected (without removing the expectations entirely)
- Reminding student of reinforcers available for engaging in appropriate behaviors (e.g. first work, then you can read)

- Prompting the student to use functional language to communicate their feelings or needs (e.g. if you are frustrated you can tell me "I need a break")
- Offering opportunities to speak with professionals e.g. teacher, administrator, nurse, or • guidance counselor
- Working in small groups outside classroom on academic related work
- Whenever there is a **behavior support plan** in place for a student, staff should defer to the specific interventions outlined in the behavior plan!
- Be familiar with your students' behavior support plans and/or individualized education programs and the interventions and accommodations recommended in those documents.
- No written Behavior Plan or Individualized Education Program (IEP) may include • "physical restraint" as a standard response to any behavior.
- If a student's behavior is significantly escalated, sometimes attempting to talk to the • student can make them more agitated. Staff may consider using the "wait strategy" and limit their use of verbal language, while still visually monitoring the student at all times, and wait until the student shows signs of calming before they attempt to talk to the student.
- If a student cannot be safely maintained in an area, staff may also consider the use of a • time-out space as a safer alternative to physical restraint.

Behavioral Support Procedures

Time-Out

Time-out is a behavioral support strategy developed pursuant to 603 CMR 46.04(1) in which a student:

- *Temporarily* separates from the learning activity or the classroom, either by choice or by • direction from staff, for the purpose of calming.
- During time-out, a student must be *continuously observed* by a staff member.
- Staff shall be with the student or immediately available to the student at all times. •
- The space for time-out must be clean, safe, sanitary, and appropriate for the purpose of • calming. Time-out shall cease as soon as the student has calmed.
- Time-out does not include time spent with administrators during investigations, visits to nurse, or working in small groups outside the classroom on academic related work.

Inclusionary Time-Out: a behavior support strategy that allows the student to remain fully aware of the learning activities of the classroom. This can include: "planned ignoring," asking students to put their heads down, or placing a student in a different location within the classroom (this does not include walled off "time-out" rooms located within the classroom).

Exclusionary Time-Out: a behavior support strategy that includes the removal of a student from the learning environment. This should only be used when the student is displaying behaviors which present, or potentially present, an unsafe or overly disruptive situation in the classroom. Staff-directed exclusionary time-out should not be used as a method of punishment for noncompliance, or for incidents of misbehavior that are no longer occurring. A student may choose time-out for the purpose of calming. Any student removed from the instructional area due to escalated behaviors is considered to be time-out, e.g. guidance office, learning center room. It is not limited only to spaces labeled as time-out area. Exclusionary time-out cannot WHS Staff Handbook 2016-2017

include the use of a <u>locked</u> door! Closed doors are permitted as long as staff are able to continuously monitor the student at all times, are continuously observed, and staff are immediately available at all times. Exclusionary time-outs need to be documented on appropriate district reporting forms.

If an exclusionary time-out period lasts 30 minutes, the principal or her/his designee must approve the continuation of time-out based on the student's continuing agitation. The time-out procedure should include seeking principal approval prior to the 30 minute time frame in order to proceed with the time-out.

The emphasis on the added definition of "time-out" in the regulations is to clearly identify timeout as a behavior support strategy that is non-punitive and where students are never left alone. A staff person is always in proximity and is able to view the student at all times.

The amended regulations explicitly prohibit seclusion. It should NEVER be used with students! A student **may not be left alone in a room until they calm down** without a staff member continuously observing her/him.

Documenting Exclusionary Time-Out

Staff will complete an in-district time-out reporting form for internal monitoring.

The District will annually review its Restraint Prevention and Behavior Support Policy and Procedures, provide it to all District staff, and make it available to parents of enrolled students.